



IAEA

*60 Years*

*Atoms for Peace and Development*

## Session IV:

# The International Development Context and the TC Programme

Emma Webb

SH Strategy and Partnerships

Division of Programme Support and Coordination

Department of Technical Cooperation

# Session Objectives

## Development cooperation landscape

- Agenda 2030
- Key shifts, implications and opportunities

## Partnerships and programming tools

- Links with Agenda 2030
- Why partner?
- Programming tools and processes

# From the MDGs to the SDGs

## MDGs: 2000 - 2015

- 8 goals, 21 targets
- Global compact
- Time-bound, specific
- Concise, brief
- People-centred
- Top down formulation
- Easy to communicate

## SDGs: 2015 - 2030

- 17 goals, 169 targets
- Universal and transformative
- Broader scope and increased ambition
- Interdependent, complex and integrated
- Strong ownership
- Consultative formulation

# Key opportunities and entry points

There are four key shifts for IAEA:

- ✓ Prominent role for science and technology
- ✓ Focus on data and evidence
- ✓ Criticality of partnership to deliver results  
and.....
- ✓ Common language

# Science, technology and innovation

- **Goal 17** but woven throughout all goals implicitly and explicitly
- Potential to “***accelerate human progress***”
- IAEA can assist MS in using ST&I to achieve **national development priorities**, thus contributing to reaching **national SDG targets**.

# Data and Evidence

- Renewed emphasis on the need to **monitor and measure** progress
- Secure greater **accountability**
- Demonstration of **results**
- Through science and technology, IAEA can produce **credible, fast, accurate data** for MS /policy makers
- IAEA can draw on **national SDG data sets** to demonstrate project and programme results.

# SDGs & Programme Planning

**SDGs are more than a taxonomy – move beyond mapping**

**⇒ *Moving from SDGs as label to SDGs as tool***

- Universality and global acceptance of Agenda 2030 as **common framework** for development work;
- SDGs give us a **common language** that allows us to speak with partners and define our value in terms of specific development outcomes
- At **target level**, provides substantive guide to **orient** joint planning and **programming**

# Supporting Attainment of SDGs

- SDGs incorporated in **full project lifecycle**, from programme development to monitoring and evaluation after project cycle completion
- The agency continues to advance its implementation of the SDGs, having first identified logical relations between Fields of Activities and SDGs, and now more closely **linking** project outputs to SDGs in PCMF
- TC plans to align project outputs to **SDG targets** to better communicate with potential partners and stakeholders in a common language of development



# Why do we need Partnerships?

- ✓ Impact and results greater than if parties were acting alone.
- ✓ Synergies and complementarities
- ✓ It is not *solely* a question of money.
- ✓ In developmental work, others often have lead mandate

# Country Programme Framework

## TC strategy

- The goal of the CPF **process** is to achieve agreement between the Agency and a government on a **few priority** areas for technical co-operation that can produce **significant impact**.



## The CPF is expected to:

- promote programme **ownership** by the MS
- ensure programme relevance through the alignment of TC projects with national **development priorities**
- facilitate the identification of possible sources of **funding** for the programme
- foster contributions to the **global development agenda** ....through **partnerships** with the UN organizations

# Working together: the UNDAF

- **Medium Term planning framework** for UN system development activities at country level
  - **Nationally owned and driven** with objectives that respond to country's national development priorities
  - **Reduce transaction costs** for Government, increase efficiency and effectiveness of programme
  - **IAEA projects reflected** as part of UN assistance-synergies and complementarities identified
- ⇒ *Stakeholders: UN Resident Coordinator, UN agencies (resident and non-resident), government central and line ministries, PMO, NLO*

# CPFs and UNDAFs: the numbers

- ✓ 20 new CPFs signed in 2016
- ✓ 95 CPFs currently valid
- ✓ 8 CPFs under development
- ✓ 45 valid UNDAFs co-signed



Technical  
Cooperation  
Programme

*Technical cooperation:  
delivering results for  
peace and  
development*

