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AGREEMENT ON THE PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES OF THE IAEA

Status List as of 12 September 2000

Acceptances by Member States

- 1. The list of Member States shows the 67 Members which, by 12 September 2000, had accepted the Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Atomic Energy Agency, as provided for in Section 38 thereof.
- 2. The list is followed by the texts of reservations made to the Agreement.

This document includes the information given in document INFCIRC/9/Rev. 2/Add. 11. It accordingly supersedes that document.



Parties:	67			Last change	of status: 0	January 2000
Cour	ntry/Organization	Signature	Instrument	Date of deposit	Declaration et / Withdrawal	c. Entry into force
Afgha	anistan	,				
Albaı	nia					
Alger	ia					
Ango	la					
Argei	ıtina		acceptance	15 Oct 1963		15 Oct 1963
Arme	nia					
Austr	alia		acceptance	09 May 1986		09 May 1986
Austr	ia					
Bang	ladesh		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Belar	us		acceptance	02 Dec 1966	☑ □	02 Dec 1966
Belgit	ım		acceptance	26 Oct 1965	2 🗆	26 Oct 1965
Benin						
Bolivi	a		acceptance	10 Apr 1968		10 Apr 1968
Bosni	a and Herzegovina					
Brazil			acceptance	13 Jun 1966		13 Jun 1966
Bulga	ria		acceptance	17 Jun 1968		17 Jun 1968
Burki	na Faso					
Camb	odia					
Came	roon		acceptance	22 Sep 1988		22 Sep 1988
Cana	da		acceptance	15 Jun 1966		15 Jun 1966
Chile			acceptance	08 Dec 1987	2 🗆	08 Dec 1987
China	ı		acceptance	16 Jul 1984	2 🗆	16 Jul 1984
Colon	ıbia		acceptance	01 Jul 1983		01 Jul 1983
Costa	Rica					
Cote	l'Ivoire					
Croat	ia		succesion	12 Feb 1993		12 Feb 1993
Cuba			acceptance	24 Aug 1982	V	24 Aug 1982
Cypri	1S		acceptance	27 Jul 1983		27 Jul 1983

Cook November		deposit	/ Withdrawal	
Czech Republic	succesion	27 Sep 1993	V V	27 Sep 199
Democratic Rep. of the Congo				
Denmark	acceptance	14 Mar 1962		14 Mar 19
Dominican Republic				
Ecuador	acceptance	16 Apr 1969		16 Apr 190
Egypt	acceptance	12 Feb 1963		12 Feb 196
El Salvador				
Estonia	acceptance	12 Feb 1992		12 Feb 199
Ethiopia				
Finland	acceptance	29 Jul 1960		29 Jul 196
France				
Gabon				
Georgia				
Germany	acceptance	04 Aug 1960	v 🗆	04 Aug 19
Ghana	acceptance	16 Dec 1963		16 Dec 196
Greece	acceptance	02 Nov 1970		02 Nov 197
Guatemala				
Haiti				
Holy See	acceptance	21 Jan 1986		21 Jan 198
Hungary	acceptance	14 Jul 1967	☑ 🗆	14 Jul 196'
Iceland				
India	acceptance	10 Mar 1961		10 Mar 19
Indonesia	acceptance	04 Jun 1971		04 Jun 197
Iran, Islamic Republic of	acceptance	21 May 1974	пп	21 May 19
Iraq				
Ireland	acceptance	29 Feb 1972		29 Feb 197
Israel	_			
Italy	acceptance	20 Jun 1985		20 Jun 198
Jamaica	acceptance	05 Sep 1967		05 Sep 196
Japan	acceptance	18 Apr 1963		18 Apr 196
Jordan	acceptance	27 Oct 1982		27 Oct 198
Kazakhstan	acceptance			
~	ассеріянсе	09 Apr 1998		09 Apr 199

Country/Organization Signature	Instrument	Date of deposit	Declaration / Withdrawa	
Korea, Republic of	acceptance	17 Jan 1962	☑ □	1 7 Jan 1 962
Kuwait	acceptance	15 Sep 1998		15 Sep 1998
Latvia	acceptance	05 Jan 2000		05 Jan 2000
Lebanon				
Liberia				
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya				
Liechtenstein				
Lithuania				
Luxembourg	acceptance	24 Mar 1972	☑ 🗆	24 Mar 197
Madagascar				
Malaysia				
Mali				
Malta				
Marshall Islands				
Mauritius	acceptance	07 Apr 1975		07 Apr 197:
Mexico	acceptance	19 Oct 1983	2 🗆	19 Oct 1983
Monaco				
Mongolia	acceptance	12 Jan 1976	V V	12 Jan 1976
Morocco	acceptance	30 Mar 1977	2	30 Mar 197
Myanmar				
Namibia				***************************************
Netherlands	acceptance	29 Aug 1963		29 Aug 196
New Zealand	acceptance	22 Jun 1961		22 Jun 1961
Nicaragua	acceptance	17 Oct 1977		17 Oct 1977
Niger	acceptance	17 Jun 1969		17 Jun 1969
Nigeria				***************************************
Norway	acceptance	10 Oct 1961		10 Oct 1961
Pakistan	acceptance	16 Apr 1963		16 Apr 1963
Panama				
Paraguay				
Peru				
Philippines	acceptance	17 Dec 1962		17 Dec 1962
Poland	acceptance	24 Jul 1970		24 Jul 1970

Country/Organization Sign	nature Instrument		Declaration e / Withdrawal	
Portugal				
Qatar				
Republic of Moldova				
Romania	acceptance	07 Oct 1970	$ \mathbf{Z} \Box $	07 Oct 197
Russian Federation	acceptance	01 Jul 1966		01 Jul 196
Saudi Arabia				
Senegal				
Sierra Leone				
Singapore	acceptance	19 Jul 1973	V	19 Jul 197
Slovakia	succesion	27 Sep 1993	V V	27 Sep 199
Slovenia	succesion	21 Sep 1992		21 Sep 199
South Africa				
Spain	acceptance	21 May 1984		21 May 19
Sri Lanka	,,,,,			
Sudan				
Sweden	acceptance	08 Sep 1961		08 Sep 196
Switzerland	acceptance	16 Sep 1969	v 🗆	16 Sep 19
Syrian Arab Republic	acceptance	18 Dec 1989		18 Dec 198
Thailand	acceptance	15 May 1962	✓ 🗆	15 May 19
The Frmr. Yug. Rep. of Macedonia				
Tunisia	acceptance	28 Dec 1967		28 Dec 19
Turkey	acceptance	26 Jun 1978	✓ 🗆	26 Jun 19'
Uganda				
Ukraine	acceptance	05 Oct 1966	v 🗆	05 Oct 190
United Arab Emirates				
United Kingdom	acceptance	19 Sep 1961		19 Sep 190
United Republic of Tanzania				
United States of America				
Uruguay				
Uzbekistan				
Venezuela				
Viet Nam	acceptance	31 Jul 1969	ПП	31 Jul 196

Registration No: 44

Last change of status: 05 January 2000

Country/Organization	Signature Instrument	Date of deposit	Declaration et / Withdrawal	c. Entry into force
Yemen				
Yugoslavia	acceptance	14 Oct 1963		14 Oct 1963
Zambia				
Zimbabwe				

Declarations/reservations made upon signature

Belarus

"The Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic does not consider itself bound by the provisions of Sections 26 and 34 of the Agreement, under which there is an obligation to submit to the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice. With regard to the question of referring to the International Court of Justice differences arising out of the interpretation or application of the Agreement, the Byelorussian SSR adheres as before to the position that the consent of all parties involved in a dispute must be obtained in each individual case before that dispute can be referred to the International Court of Justice. This reservation applies equally to the provision in Section 34 that the opinion given by the Court shall be accepted as decisive." (Original Russian, translation by the Secretariat)

Belgium

"In accordance with Article XII, Section 38 of the Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Atomic Energy Agency, approved by the Board of Governors at Vienna on 1 July 1959. The Government of the Kingdom of Belgium hereby excludes from the application of the said Agreement the provisions contained in the last sentence of Article VI, Section 20." (Original French; translation by the Secretariat)

Bulgaria

"The People's Republic of Bulgaria does not consider itself bound by the provisions of Sections 26 and 34 of the Agreement. The People's Republic of Bulgaria considers that a dispute on the interpretation and application of the Agreement may be referred to the International Court of Justice only after the parties to the dispute have given their consent in respect of each individual case. This reservation applies equally to Section 34, which states that the opinion of the Court shall be accepted as decisive by the parties." (Original Bulgarian; translation by the Secretariat from a certified French translation furnished by the Government)

An amended version of this reservation was communicated in a Note dated 19 April 1994. It reads: "... has withdrawn the following reservations ... in respect of Section 34 of the Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Atomic Energy Agency."

Canada

".... exemption from liability for any taxes or duties imposed by any law in Canada should not extend to a Canadian citizen residing or ordinarily resident in Canada." (Original English)

Chile

- "(a) The Government of Chile enters a reservation to the effect that the privileges and immunities granted to the officials of the International Atomic Energy Agency shall not extend to Chilean nationals serving in Chile as officials of the Agency;
- (b) The Government of Chile enters a reservation regarding the provisions of Section 4 in the sense that, in accordance with Chilean constitutional practice and domestic law, the property and assets of the International Atomic Energy Agency may be expropriated under a general or special enactment authorizing expropriation on grounds of public importance or national interest, as established by the legislator." (Original Spanish; translation by the Secretariat)

China

".... it has reservations on Sections 26 and 34, which stipulate that differences shall be referred to the International Court of Justice and the opinion given by the Court shall be accepted as decisive by the parties to the difference." (Original Chinese, with official English translation)

A Note explaining the reservations reads as follows:

"The reservations referred to in the said agreement are not intended on the entire provisions of Section 26 of the Agreement, but only on those provisions regarding the reference of differences to the International Court of Justice and the decisiveness of opinions of the Court." (Original English)

Cuba

"The Republic of Cuba does not consider itself bound by the provisions of Sections 26 and 34 of Articles VIII and X of the Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Atomic Energy Agency under which the International Court of Justice shall have obligatory jurisdiction in differences which may arise out of the Interpretation or application of the Agreement. With regard to the competence of the International Court of Justice on such matters, Cuba holds that for a difference to be referred to the Court for settlement the consent of all parties involved must be obtained in each particular case." (Original Spanish; translation by the Secretariat)

Denmark

"Notwithstanding Sections 20 and 32, the Danish Government reserve the right to apply the Danish legislation concerning duties and excise taxes to Danish citizens, and to other persons insofar as they conduct private business in Denmark." (Original English)

Germany

"The Government reserves, with reference to Article VI, Section 18(a)(ii) of said Agreement, the right to tax citizens of the Federal Republic of Germany inasmuch as this right has not been renounced by double taxation treaties." (Original English)

Hungary

"The Hungarian People's Republic accepts Sections 26 and 34 of the Agreement with the reservation that disputes regarding the interpretation and application of the Agreement shall be referred to the International Court of Justice only with the consent of all parties involved in the given dispute.

The Hungarian People's Republic makes a reservation also with regard to the provision in Section 34 making the advisory opinion of the Court decisive in certain cases." (Original Hungarian; certified English translation furnished by the Government)

Indonesia

"Article II, Section 2(b):

The capacity of the International Atomic Energy Agency to acquire and dispose of immovable property shall be exercised with due regard to national laws and regulations.

Article X, Section 34:

With regard to the competence of the International Court of Justice in disputes concerning the interpretation or application of the Convention, the Government of Indonesia reserves the right to maintain that in every individual case the agreement of the parties to the dispute is required before the Court for a ruling.

Article VI, Section 18:

The concessions and privileges conferred by the Agreement on the employees of the Agency, other than those which also follow from Article XV of the Statute, such as immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and all acts performed by them in their official capacity, should not be admissible to the Indonesian Nationals serving on the staff of the Agency in Indonesia." (Original English)

Italy

- "1. With regard to the exemption from taxation referred to in Section 18 (a)(ii) of Article VI of the Agreement, the Italian Government reserves the right to take into account the total amount of salaries and emoluments received by the Italian officials of the Agency resident in Italy and by other officials of the Agency permanently resident in Italy, for the purposes of possible taxation of income derived from other sources in Italy."
- "2. The immunity from legal process referred to in Article III, Section 3, Article V, Section 12(a), Article VI, Section 18(a)(i) and Article VII, Section 23(a) and (b) of the Agreement shall not apply either in the case of a civil action instituted by a third party for damages resulting from an accident caused by a motor vehicle belonging to an official of the Agency, a representative of a Member at meetings convened by the Agency or an expert on mission for the Agency, or in the case of violations of traffic laws involving the above vehicles." (Original French; translation by the Secretariat)

Jordan

"The privileges and immunities recognized under this agreement shall not be extended to the officials of the IAEA who are Jordanian nationals if their station is in Jordan itself." (Original English)

Korea, Republic of

"Locally recruited personnel who are considered as officials of the Agency under the Agreement shall not enjoy the privileges and immunities set forth in paragraphs (ii), (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi) of Section 18, and Section 19." (Original Korean; English translation furnished by the Government)

Luxembourg

"In applying the provisions of Article XII, Section 38 of the Agreement, Luxembourg will not give effect to the last sentence of Article VI, Section 20." □(Original French; translation by the Secretariat)

Mexico

- "1. In acceding to the Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the Agency, which was adopted on 1 July 1959, the Mexican Government declares that the capacity to acquire and dispose of immovable property, mentioned in Article II, Section 2 of the Agreement, shall be subject to applicable national legislation.
- 2. Agency officials and experts of Mexican nationality, in the exercise of their functions in Mexican territory, shall enjoy only those privileges which are conferred, as appropriate, by sub-paragraphs (i), (iii) and (vi) of Section 18 and paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (f) of Section 23, on the understanding that the inviolability mentioned in sub-paragraph (c) of Section 23 shall be granted only for official papers and documents.
- 3. The Provisions relating to the holding of funds, gold or currency of any kind and of accounts in any currency and to the transfer and convertibility of such currency in Mexican territory shall be subject to the relevant legal provisions in force."

A Note explaining the reservation contained in paragraph 3 reads as follows:

"The Government of Mexico interprets this reservation to mean that the relevant legal provisions will be implemented in such a way as not to impede or impair the effective execution of the technical assistance and co-operation programmes in which Mexico is participating." (Original Spanish; translation by the Secretariat)

Morocco

"The IAEA shall take due account of the national laws and regulations in acquiring and possessing immovable property in Morocco;

The privileges and immunities recognized under the Agreement shall not be extended to the officials of the IAEA who are Moroccan nationals serving in Morocco;

In the case of disputes, any recourse to the International Court of Justice shall be based on the consent of all the parties concerned." (Original Arabic; translation by the Secretariat from a French translation furnished by the Government)

Pakistan

" ... with the reservation that the concessions and privileges conferred by the Agreement on the employees of the Agency should not be admissible to the Pakistani nationals serving on the staff of the Agency in Pakistan." (Original English)

An amended version of this reservation was communicated in a Note dated 29 September 1966. It reads:

□" with the reservation that the concessions and privileges conferred by the Agreement on the employees of the Agency, other than those which also follow from Article XV of the Statute, such as immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and all acts performed by them in their official capacity, should not be admissible to the Pakistani nationals serving on the staff of the Agency in Pakistan." (original English)

Romania

".... the Socialist Republic of Romania does not consider itself bound by the provisions of Section 34, or by the provisions of Section 26 to the extent that they refer to Section 34. The Socialist Republic of Romania holds the view that differences arising out of the interpretation or application of the Agreement may be referred to the International Court of Justice only with the consent, in each individual case, of all parties to the dispute." (Original French; translation by Secretariat)

Russian Federation

"... does not consider itself bound by the provisions of Sections 26 and 34 of the Agreement, under which there is an obligation to submit to the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice. With regard to the question of referring to the International Court of Justice differences arising out of the interpretation or application of the Agreement, the [Russian Federation] adheres as before to the position that the consent of all parties involved in a dispute must be obtained in each individual case before that dispute can be referred to the International Court of Justice. This reservation applies equally to the provision in Section 34 that the opinion given by the Court shall be accepted as decisive." (Original Russian; translation by the Secretariat)

Singapore

".... officials of the Agency, who are Singapore citizens shall not enjoy exemption from taxation on salaries and emoluments paid to them by the Agency." (Original English)

Switzerland

"With regard to Article VI, Section 19, second paragraph, Switzerland reserves the right not to grant the deferments in call-up requested by the Agency, it being understood however that such requests will receive sympathetic consideration on the part of the competent Federal authorities." (Original French; translation by the Secretariat)

Thailand

"... with the reservation that the officials of the Agency to be accorded privileges and immunities according to this Agreement who are of Thai nationality shall not be immune from national service obligation." (Original English)

Turkey

- "A) With regard to the postponement of national service of Turkish nationals who will be recruited by the International Atomic Energy Agency with reference to Section 19 of the said Agreement, relevant Turkish legislation shall be applied.
- B) The officials of Turkish nationality who will be missioned in Turkey by the International Atomic Energy Agency, shall be subject to the taxes levied on Turkish nationals. They shall, in accordance with the provisions of part 4, Section 2 of Income Tax Law No. 5421, inform their wages by means of annual declarations." (Original English)

Ukraine

"The Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic does not consider itself bound by the provisions of Sections 26 and 34 of the Agreement, under which there is an obligation to refer to the International Court of Justice all disputes arising out of the interpretation or application of the Agreement. With regard to the question of the Court's Jurisdiction in respect of such disputes, the Ukrainian SSR continues to take the view that the consent of all parties involved in a dispute must be obtained in each individual case before that dispute can be referred to the International Court of Justice. This reservation applies equally to the provision in Section 34 that the advisory opinion given by the Court shall be accepted by the parties as decisive." (Original Russian; translation by the Secretariat)