## **IAEA Annual Report 2013**

Article VI.J of the Agency's Statute requires the Board of Governors to submit "an annual report to the General Conference concerning the affairs of the Agency and any projects approved by the Agency".

This report covers the period 1 January to 31 December 2013.

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# Member States of the International Atomic Energy Agency

(as of 31 December 2013)

RUSSIAN FEDERATION

**RWANDA** 

SAN MARINO

SAUDI ARABIA

UNITED REPUBLIC

PARAGUAY **AFGHANISTAN** HAITI ALBANIA HOLY SEE **PERU ALGERIA HONDURAS PHILIPPINES ANGOLA** HUNGARY **POLAND ARGENTINA ICELAND PORTUGAL ARMENIA INDIA OATAR** INDONESIA AUSTRALIA

AUSTRIA IRAN, ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA

AZERBAIJAN IRAQ
BAHRAIN IRELAND
BANGLADESH ISRAEL
BELARUS ITALY
BELGIUM JAMAICA
BELIZE JAPAN

BENIN JORDAN SENEGAL
BOLIVIA KAZAKHSTAN SERBIA
BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA KENYA SEYCHELLES
BOTSWANA KOREA, REPUBLIC OF SIERRA LEONE
BRAZIL KUWAIT SINGAPORE

**BULGARIA** KYRGYZSTAN SLOVAKIA LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC **BURKINA FASO SLOVENIA** BURUNDI REPUBLIC SOUTH AFRICA **CAMBODIA** LATVIA **SPAIN** CAMEROON LEBANON SRI LANKA **CANADA** LESOTHO

CANADA

CENTRAL AFRICAN

REPUBLIC

CHAD

CHAD

CHILE

LIBYA

LIBCHTENSTEIN

SWEDEN

SWITZERLAND

SWITZERLAND

CHINA LUXEMBOURG
COLOMBIA MADAGASCAR
CONGO MALAWI TAJIKISTAN
COSTA RICA MALAYSIA THAILAND

CÔTE D'IVOIRE MALI THE FORMER YUGOSLAV CROATIA MALTA REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA

CUBA MARSHALL ISLANDS TOGO
CYPRUS MAURITANIA TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

CZECH REPUBLIC MAURITIUS
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC MEXICO TUNISIA
OF THE CONGO MONACO TURKEY
DENMARK MONGOLIA UGANDA
DOMNICA MONTENEGRO

**DOMINICA MONTENEGRO** UKRAINE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC MOROCCO UNITED ARAB EMIRATES **ECUADOR MOZAMBIQUE** UNITED KINGDOM OF **EGYPT MYANMAR** GREAT BRITAIN AND **EL SALVADOR NAMIBIA** NORTHERN IRELAND **ERITREA** NEPAL.

ETHIOPIA NEW ZEALAND OF TANZANIA

**NICARAGUA** UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FIJI **NIGER FINLAND URUGUAY FRANCE NIGERIA UZBEKISTAN GABON NORWAY VENEZUELA OMAN GEORGIA** VIET NAM **GERMANY PAKISTAN** YEMEN **GHANA PALAU** ZAMBIA GREECE PANAMA

PAPUA NEW GUINEA

**NETHERLANDS** 

The Agency's Statute was approved on 23 October 1956 by the Conference on the Statute of the IAEA held at United Nations Headquarters, New York; it entered into force on 29 July 1957. The Headquarters of the Agency are located in Vienna. The IAEA's principal objective is "to accelerate and enlarge the contribution of atomic energy to peace, health and prosperity throughout the world".

**ESTONIA** 

#### The Agency at a Glance

(as of 31 December 2013)

- 160 Member States.
  - 77 intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations worldwide invited to observe the Agency's General Conference.
  - 56 years of international service.
- **2556** professional and support staff.
- **€330 million** total regular budget for 2013. Extrabudgetary expenditures in 2013 totalled **€62.7 million.**
- **\*\*E71.4 million** target in 2013 for voluntary contributions to the Agency's Technical Cooperation Fund, supporting projects involving **3509** expert and lecturer assignments, **5331** meeting participants and other project personnel, **3041** participants in **209** regional and interregional training courses and **2005** fellows and scientific visitors.
  - 124 Member States participating in the Agency's technical cooperation programme, including 31 least developed countries.
  - **791** active technical cooperation projects at the end of 2013.
    - 2 liaison offices (in New York and Geneva) and 2 safeguards regional offices (in Tokyo and Toronto).
    - 12 international laboratories (Vienna, Seibersdorf and Monaco) and research centres.
    - 11 multilateral conventions on nuclear safety, security and liability adopted under the Agency's auspices.
      - 4 regional agreements relating to nuclear science and technology.
  - 121 Revised Supplementary Agreements governing the provision of technical assistance by the Agency.
  - active CRPs involving 1563 approved research, technical and doctoral contracts and research agreements. In addition, 74 Research Coordination Meetings were held.
    - 17 national donors, 1 multinational donor (European Union) and 1 private company donor to the voluntary Nuclear Security Fund.
  - 180 States in which safeguards agreements were being implemented,<sup>2,3</sup> of which 122 States had additional protocols in force, with 1971 safeguards inspections performed in 2013. Safeguards expenditures in 2013 amounted to €122.5 million in regular budget and €14.5 million in extrabudgetary resources.
  - 20 national safeguards support programmes and 1 multinational support programme (European Commission).
  - **11.9 million** pages read by more than **3.6 million** people on the Agency's *iaea.org* site, and **120 000** subscribers to the Agency's social media channels on Twitter and Facebook.
    - **3.6 million** records in the International Nuclear Information System (INIS), the Agency's largest database, with over **481 000** full texts and an average of **57 000** INIS searches and **4100** downloads performed each month.
    - **1.1 million** documents, technical reports, standards, conference proceedings, journals and books in the IAEA Library and **14 300** visitors to the Library in 2013.
  - 202 publications, including newsletters, issued in 2013 (in print and electronic formats).

<sup>1</sup> At the UN average rate of exchange of \$1.3245 to €1.00. The total regular budget was €346.3 million at the \$1.00 to €1.00 rate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These States do not include the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, where the Agency did not implement safeguards and, therefore, could not draw any conclusion.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> And Taiwan, China.

#### The Board of Governors

The Board of Governors oversees the ongoing operations of the Agency. It comprises 35 Member States and generally meets five times a year, or more frequently if required for specific situations. Among its functions, the Board adopts the Agency's programme for the incoming biennium and makes recommendations on the Agency's budget to the General Conference.

The Board appointed Yukiya Amano by acclamation to the post of Director General of the Agency for a further term of office of four years, until 30 November 2017.

In the area of nuclear technologies, the Board considered the *Nuclear Technology Review 2013*.

In the area of safety and security, the Board kept implementation of the IAEA Action Plan on Nuclear Safety, approved in 2011, under review throughout the year. The Board discussed the

Nuclear Safety Review 2013 and also debated the Nuclear Security Report 2013 and approved the Nuclear Security Plan 2014–2017.

As regards verification, the Board considered the Safeguards Implementation Report for 2012. It approved a number of safeguards agreements and additional protocols. The Board kept under its consideration the implementation of the NPT Safeguards Agreement and relevant provisions of United Nations Security Council resolutions in the Islamic Republic of Iran, and the issues of the implementation of the NPT Safeguards Agreement in the Syrian Arab Republic and the application of safeguards in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The Board discussed the *Technical Cooperation Report* for 2012 and approved the Agency's technical cooperation programme for 2014.

# Composition of the Board of Governors (2013–2014)

Chairperson:

HE Mr. Thiep NGUYEN

Ambassador

Governor from Viet Nam

Vice-Chairpersons:

HE Mr. Jan PETERSEN

Ambassador

Governor from Norway

HE Mr. Przemyslaw GRUDZIŃSKI

Ambassador

Governor from Poland

Algeria Argentina Australia Austria

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Brazil
Canada
China
Costa Rica
Finland
France
Germany
Greece
India
Japan

Kenya Libya

Nigeria

Norway Pakistan Peru Poland Qatar

Russian Federation

Slovakia South Africa Sudan Sweden Thailand

United Arab Emirates

United Kingdom of Great Britain and

Northern Ireland United States of America

Uruguay Venezuela Viet Nam

#### **The General Conference**

The General Conference comprises all Member States of the Agency and meets once a year. It debates the annual report of the Board of Governors on the Agency's activities during the previous year, approves the Agency's financial statements and budget, approves any applications for membership, and elects members to the Board of Governors. It also conducts a wide ranging general debate on the Agency's policies and programmes and passes resolutions directing the priorities of the Agency's work.

In 2013, the Conference approved the Board's appointment of Yukiya Amano as Director General of the Agency for a further term of office of four years, until 30 November 2017.

The Conference — upon the recommendation of the Board — approved Brunei Darussalam and the Commonwealth of the Bahamas for membership of the Agency. At the end of 2013, the Agency's membership was 160.

#### **Notes**

- The *IAEA Annual Report 2013* aims to summarize only the significant activities of the Agency during the year in question. The main part of the report, starting on page 15, generally follows the programme structure as given in *The Agency's Programme and Budget 2012–2013* (GC(55)/5).
- The introductory chapter, 'The Year in Review', seeks to provide a thematic analysis of the Agency's activities within the context of notable developments during the year. More detailed information can be found in the latest editions of the Agency's *Nuclear Safety Review*, *Nuclear Technology Review*, *Technical Cooperation Report* and the *Safeguards Statement for 2013 and Background to the Safeguards Statement*.
- Additional information covering various aspects of the Agency's programme is available, in electronic form only, on *iaea.org*, along with the *Annual Report*.
- Except where indicated, all sums of money are expressed in United States dollars.
- The designations employed and the presentation of material in this document do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Secretariat concerning the legal status of any country or territory or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers.
- The mention of names of specific companies or products (whether or not indicated as registered) does not imply any intention to infringe proprietary rights, nor should it be construed as an endorsement or recommendation on the part of the Agency.
- The term 'non-nuclear-weapon State' is used as in the Final Document of the 1968 Conference of Non-Nuclear-Weapon States (United Nations document A/7277) and in the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT). The term 'nuclear-weapon State' is as used in the NPT.

### **Abbreviations**

AFRA	African Regional Co-operative Agreement for Research, Development and Training Related to Nuclear Science and Technology
AFRA-NEST	AFRA Network for Education in Nuclear Science and Technology
ARCAL	Co-operation Agreement for the Promotion of Nuclear Science and Technology in Latin America and the Caribbean
COP19	19th session of the Conference of the Parties (UNFCCC)
CRP	coordinated research project
Euratom	European Atomic Energy Community
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations
FORATOM	European Atomic Forum
HEU	high enriched uranium
ICRP	International Commission on Radiological Protection
ICT	information and communication technology
ICTP	Abdus Salam International Centre for Theoretical Physics
IDB	Islamic Development Bank
IEA	International Energy Agency
IEC	Incident and Emergency Centre (IAEA)
INFCIRC	Information Circular (IAEA)
INIR	Integrated Nuclear Infrastructure Review
INIS	International Nuclear Information System
INPRO	International Project on Innovative Nuclear Reactors and Fuel Cycles
INTERPOL	International Criminal Police Organization–INTERPOL
IPCC	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
IRRI	International Rice Research Institute
Joint Division	Joint FAO/IAEA Division of Nuclear Techniques in Food and Agriculture
JRC	Joint Research Centre (European Commission)
LEU	low enriched uranium

NEMS	Nuclear Energy Management School
NESA	Nuclear Energy System Assessment
NPC	National Participation Cost
NPT	Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons
OA-ICC	Ocean Acidification International Coordination Centre
OIC	Organisation of Islamic Cooperation
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OECD/NEA	OECD Nuclear Energy Agency
PACT	Programme of Action for Cancer Therapy (IAEA)
РАНО	Pan American Health Organization
PUI	Peaceful Uses Initiative
RANET	Response and Assistance Network (IAEA)
RCA	Regional Co-operative Agreement for Research, Development and Training Related to Nuclear Science and Technology
RSA	Revised Supplementary Agreement Concerning the Provision of Technical Assistance by the IAEA
TCF	Technical Cooperation Fund
UNCCD	United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification
UNCT	United Nations Country Team
UNDAF	United Nations Development Assistance Framework
UNDP	United Nations Development Programme
UNEP	United Nations Environment Programme
UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund
UNIDO	United Nations Industrial Development Organization
UNSCEAR	United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation
UPSAT	Uranium Production Site Appraisal Team
WHO	World Health Organization
WMO	World Meteorological Organization