

Република Србија  
Агенција за заштиту од јонизујућих зрачења и  
нуклеарну сигурност Србије



Republic of Serbia  
Serbian Radiation Protection and  
Nuclear Safety Agency

## **International Conference on Physical Protection of Nuclear Material and Nuclear Facilities**

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# **Nuclear security of regulatory authority**

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## ***Nuclear security:***

The prevention of, detection of, and response to, criminal or intentional unauthorized acts involving or directed at nuclear material, other radioactive material, associated facilities, or associated activities.

*Nuclear Security Series Glossary*

# Role of Regulatory Authority

- Regulating nuclear, radiation and radioactive waste activities
- Licensing of activities and facilities
- Inspection control of license conditions
- Issuing transport licenses and approvals
- Keeping records of nuclear material accountancy and safeguards related activities
- Keeping other sensitive information like facility safety and security system, information about operator's employees, etc.
- Cooperation with other state stakeholders relevant to nuclear security

# Potential threats and risks

Loss of information that could help potential adversary to perform malicious act:

- ▶ Locations of nuclear and other radioactive material
- ▶ Quantity and type of material
- ▶ Security system plans
- ▶ Information about responsible personnel
- ▶ Information about transport of material (routes, transporters, security system, police escort)
- ▶ Response force action plan

# Potential threats and risks

Opportunity for adversary to acquire essential information that could give him an access to facility and material

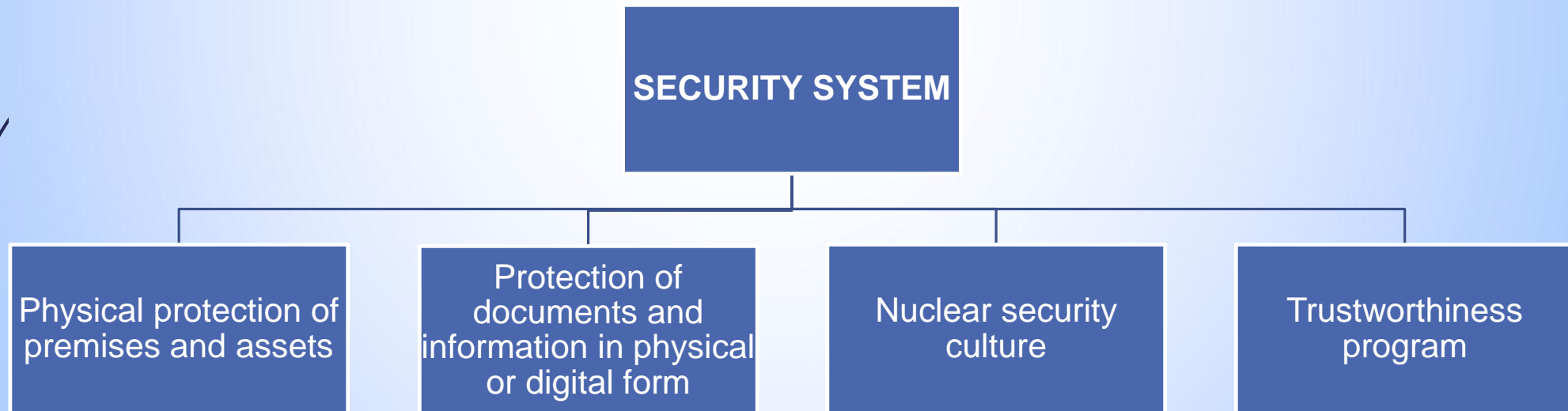
- Theft
- Sabotage
- Insider threat

Sharing confidential information to the public

- Social and economical impact
- Loss of confidence in state's institutions and national security regime

# Security system in regulatory authority

**Sensitive information and documents, in physical or digital form, should be protected from any unauthorized access or insight in their content, theft or destruction.**



# Physical protection system

- Protection of premises
- Prevention, detection and delay of any unauthorized access
- Control of authorized activities
- Written procedures for employees and visitors
- Graded approach in designing PPS

# Protection and classification of documents

- Classification of documents based on confidentiality of information
- Secret
- Protection
- Giving
- Confidential
  - Defines type of classified information
  - Prescribes four levels of classified information (restricted, confidential, secret, top secret)
- Access
  - Prescribes measures for protection and use for every level
  - Certificates for access to all levels of classified information
  - Certification process
- "New"

## LAW ON CLASSIFIED INFORMATION (*"Off. Gazette of RS"*, no. 104/09)



# Cyber security

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**Communication with IAEA regarding NMAC and Safeguards  
Communication with operators and sharing sensitive information and documents**

- Establishing secured line of communication
- Encryption of sensitive documentation
- Controlled access and insight in documents

# Nuclear security culture

- ▶ Active promotion of security culture within organization
- ▶ Raising awareness about nuclear security and potential threats
- ▶ Developed internal procedures
- ▶ Special attention to personnel not directly involved with nuclear activities and without scientific background (lawyers, administration, public relations, auxiliary staff)

# Trustworthiness program for employees

**All personnel of regulatory authority should be subject to trustworthiness assessment and background check.**

- ▶ Trustworthiness programme should be graded considering position of employee in organization, his duties and obligations
- ▶ Basis for issuing clearance permissions
- ▶ Mitigation of potential insider threat

# Conclusions

12

- National nuclear security regime is effective only when all its parts are effective and strong
- Common goal: protection of nuclear and radioactive material and associated facilities
- Involvement and dedication of all relevant state stakeholders
- Regulatory authority plays important role in overall security regime
- Control and protection of sensitive information and documents
- Prevention of any intentional or unintentional loss of information
- Active participation of all personnel

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# Thank you for your attention!

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